



COLORADO SCHOOL OF
MINES
MUDTOC

Rebekah Parks, M.S. Geology, 2022

RESERVOIR CHARACTERIZATION OF THE SHANNON SANDSTONE, SOUTHWESTERN POWDER RIVER BASIN, WYOMING

Presentation Outline

- Purpose & Objectives
- Introduction & Regional Geology
- Study Area
- Continued Work

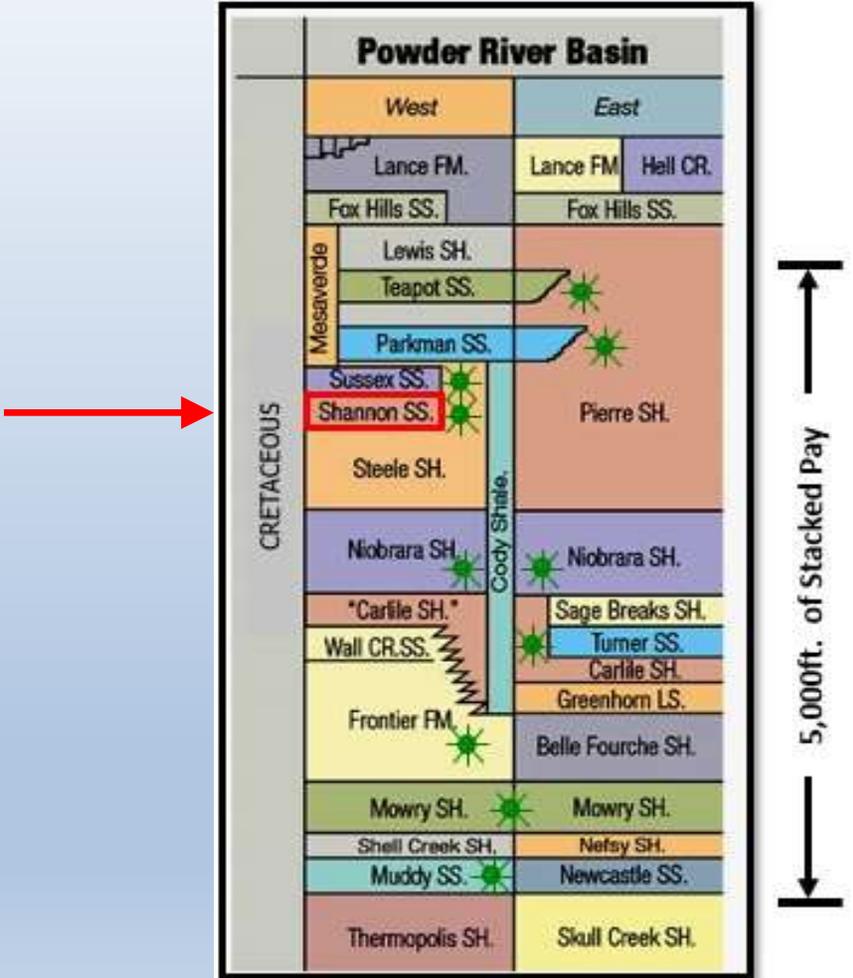
Purpose and Objectives

- Reservoir Characterization
 - Define Shannon Sandstone
 - Petrographic analysis
 - Petrophysics analysis
 - Geomechanical properties and stratigraphic interpretation
 - Characterization of lateral and vertical variability
 - Assess petroleum potential
 - Maximize efficiency & production

Regional Geology

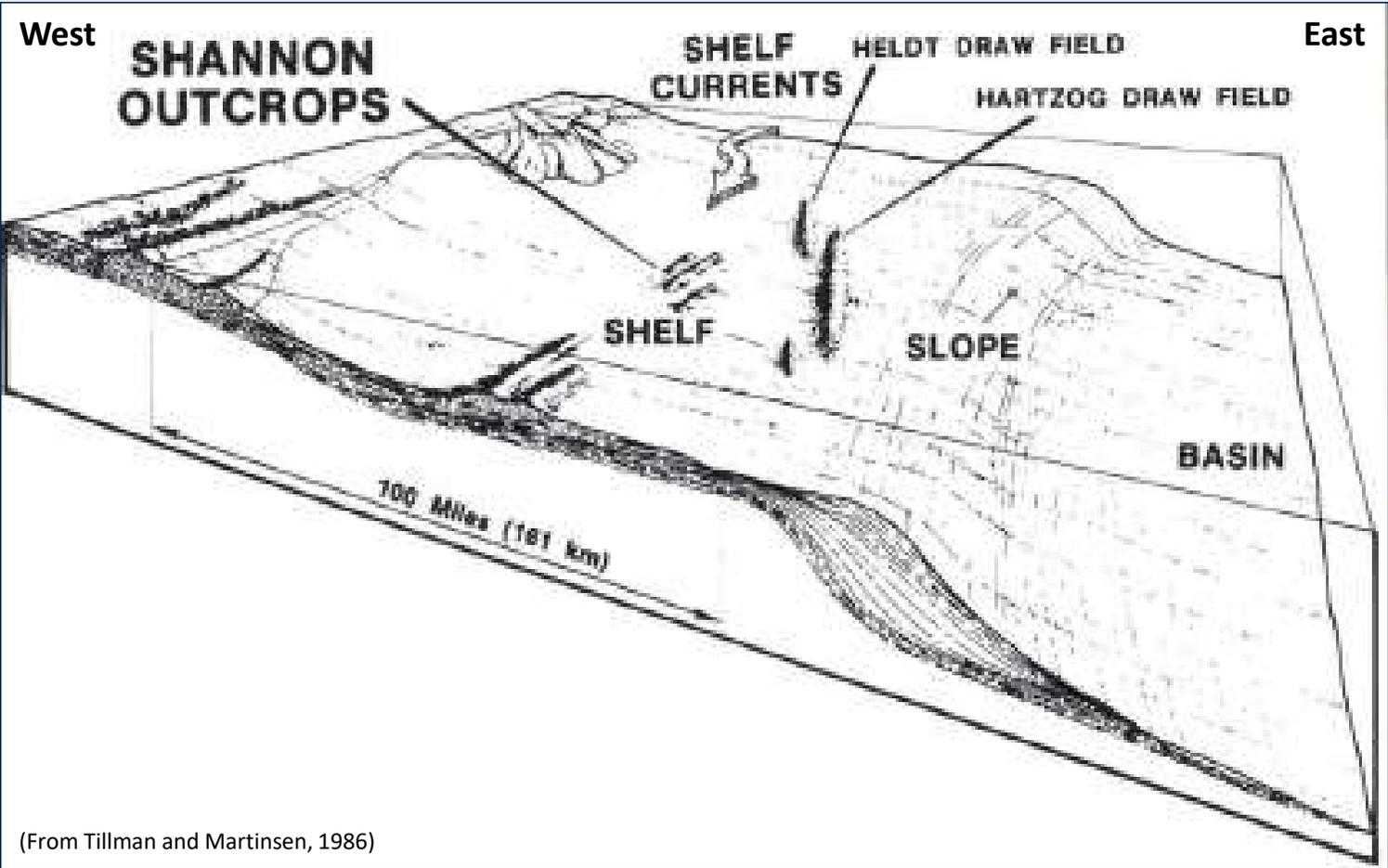


Shannon Sandstone



(From Toon, 2014) * = active horizontal play

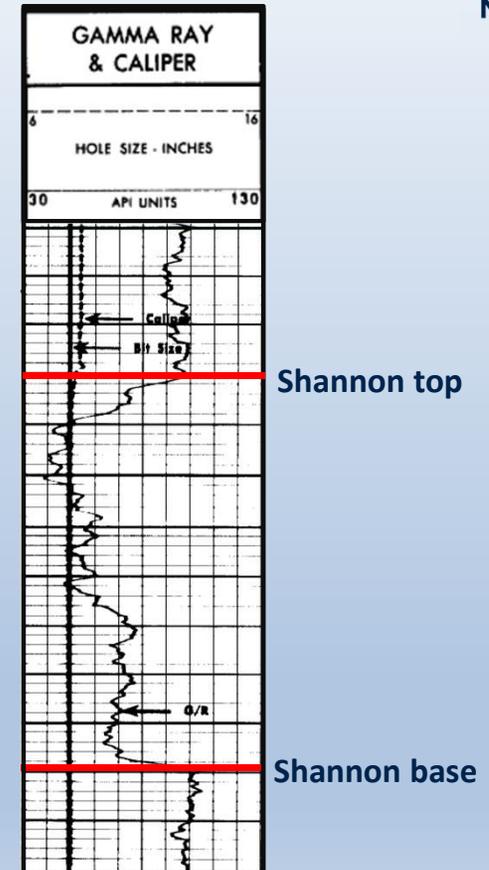
Shannon Sandstone



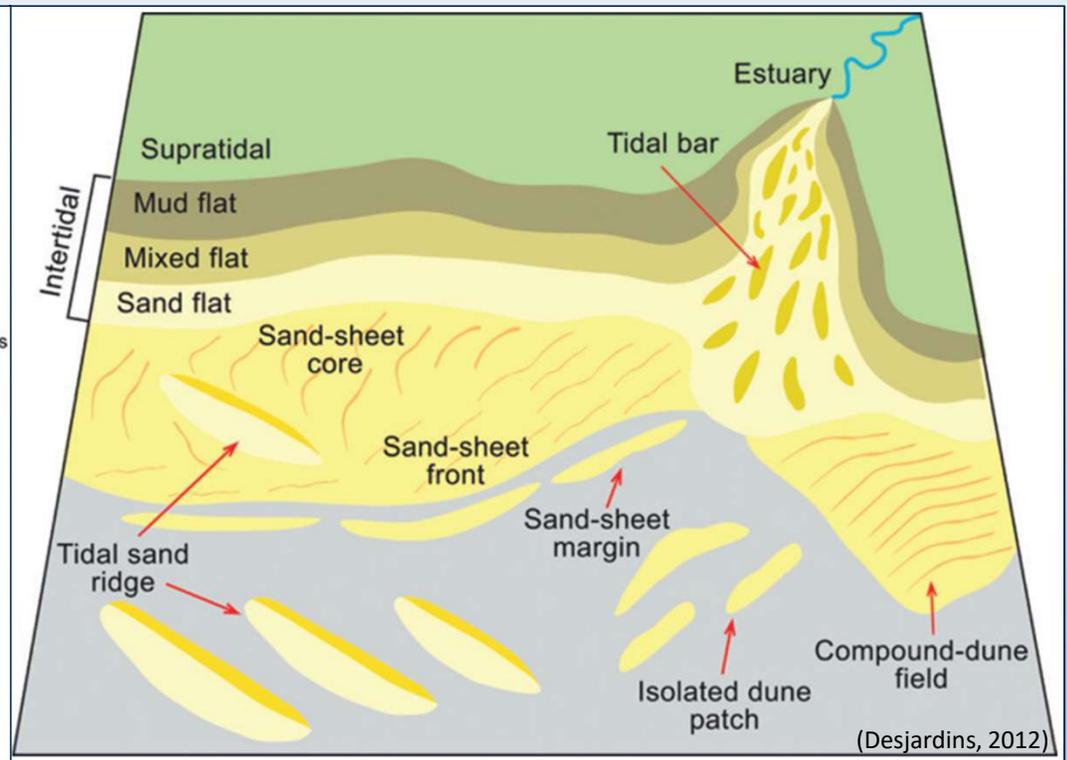
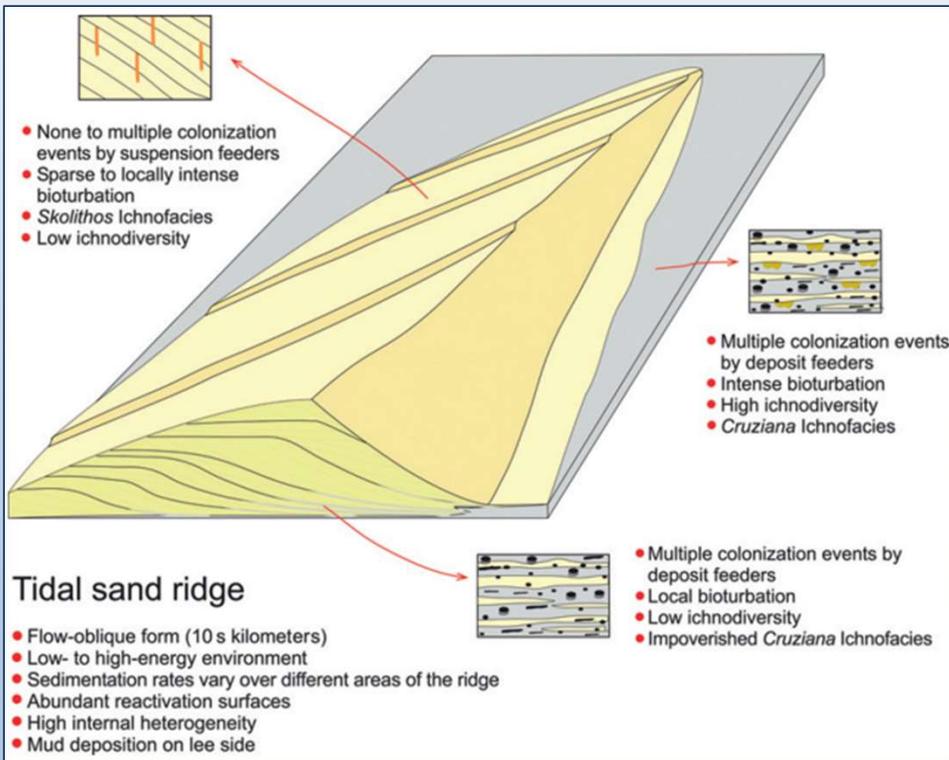
(From Tillman and Martinsen, 1986)

Shannon Deposition

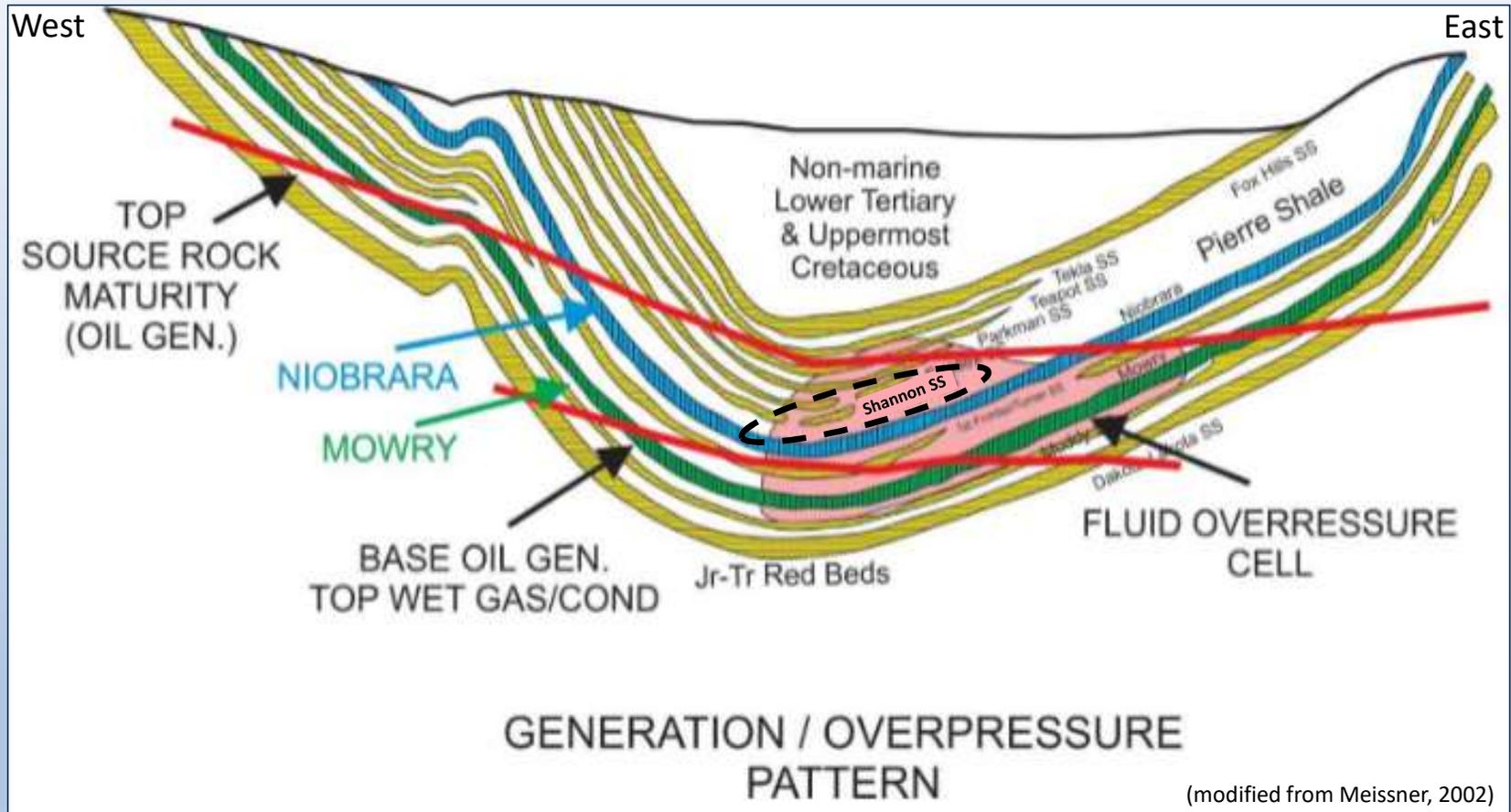
- Varied depositional interpretations
 - Open bay (estuarine) model
 - Shelf ridge model
 - Incised valley fill model
 - Lowstand shoreface model
 - Reworked delta systems



Tidal Sand Ridge Model



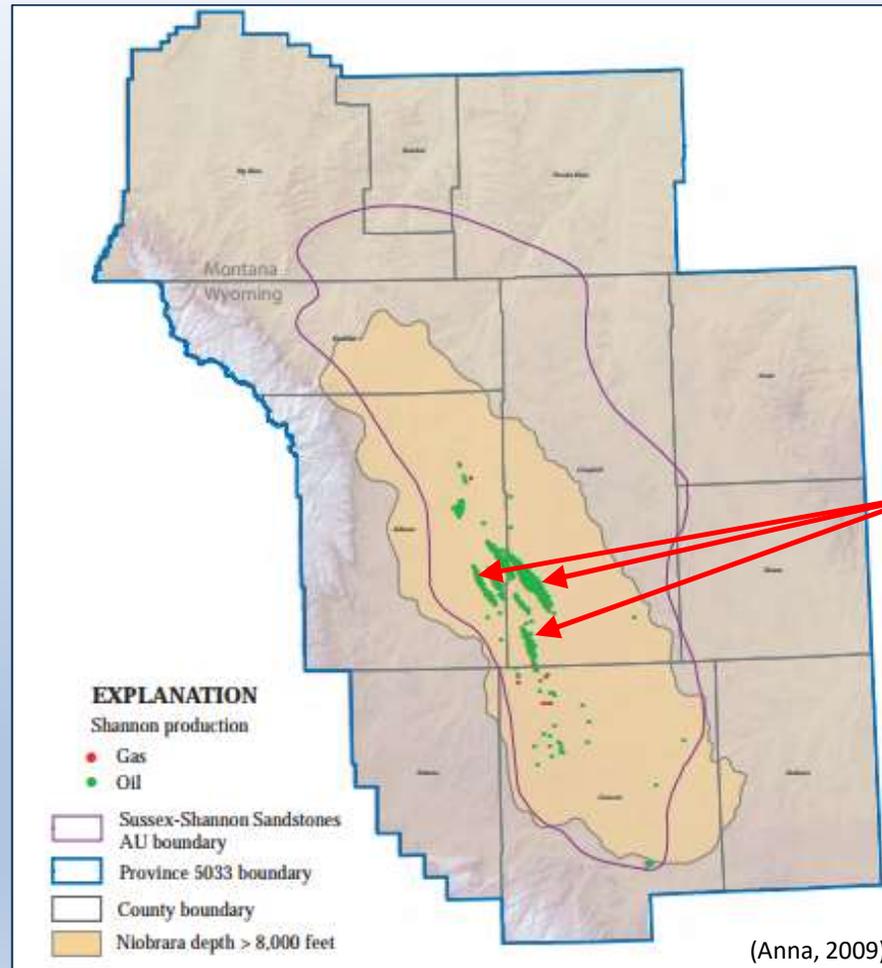
Halo Play



$$\phi = \sim 0 \text{ to } > 20\%$$

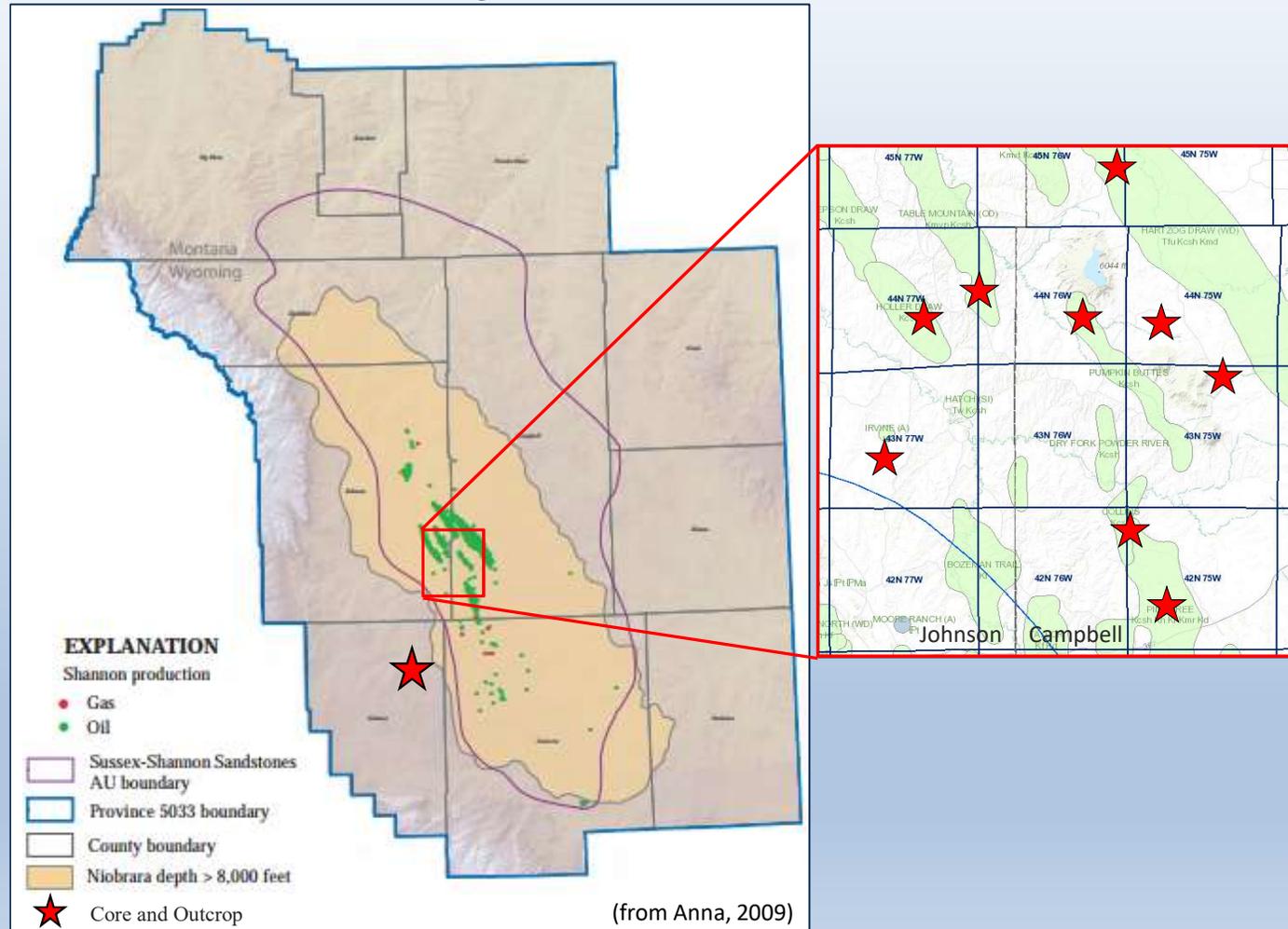
$$k = 1 \text{ to } 100 \text{ mD, } 20 \text{ mD avg}$$

Shannon Production



Jepsen-Holler,
Hartzog Draw, and
Pine Tree fields

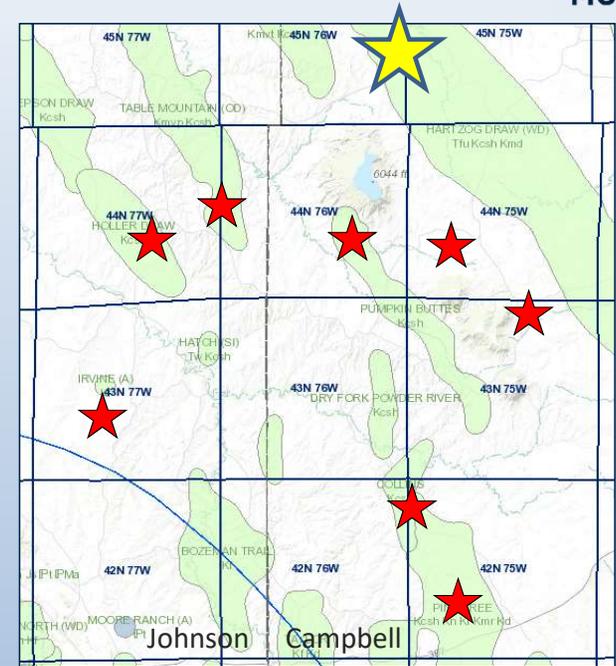
Study Area



Shannon Outcrop



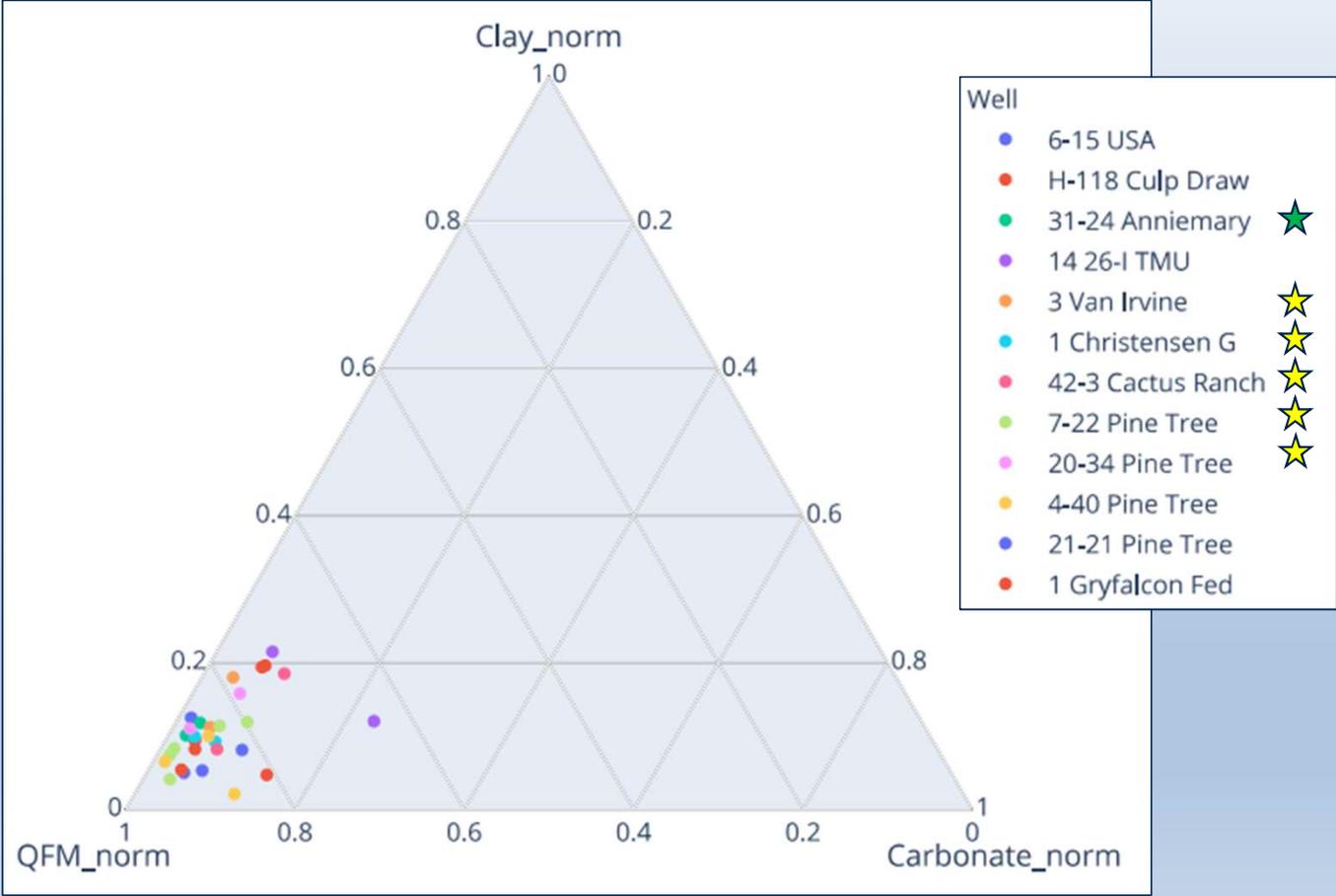
31-24 Anniemary Federal



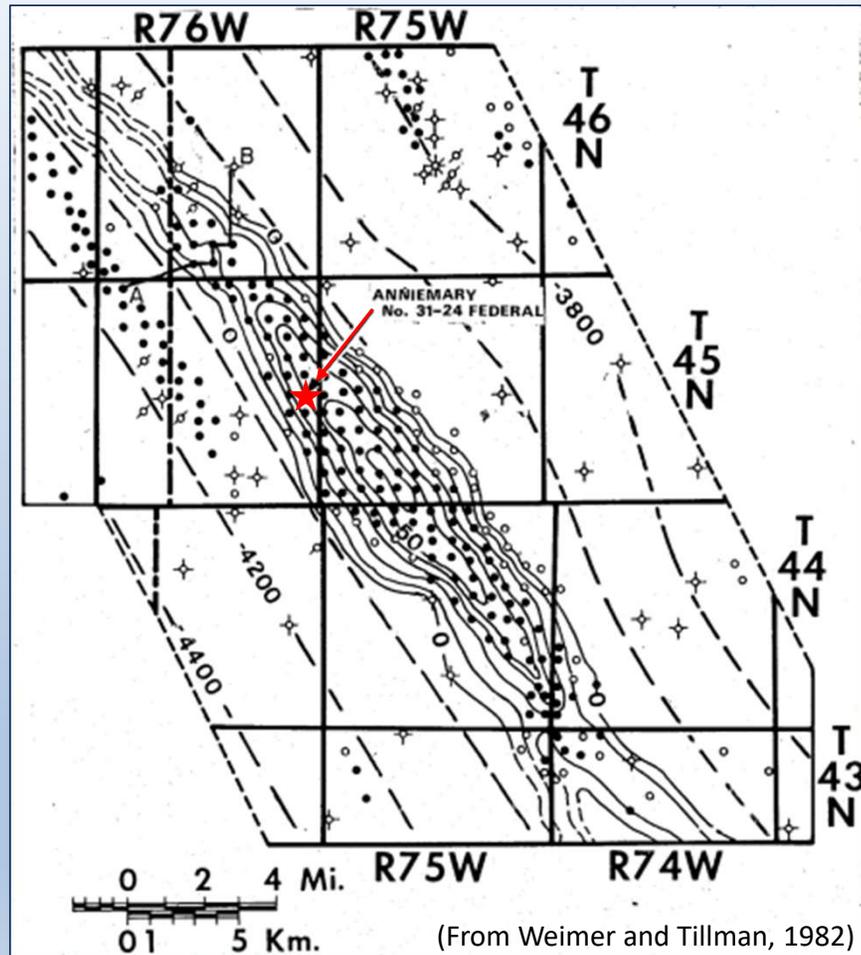
31-24 Anniemary Well

- Northernmost part of the study area
- T45N R76W, Johnson County, section 24
- Available data: XRD, 20 thin sections, and 60' of core

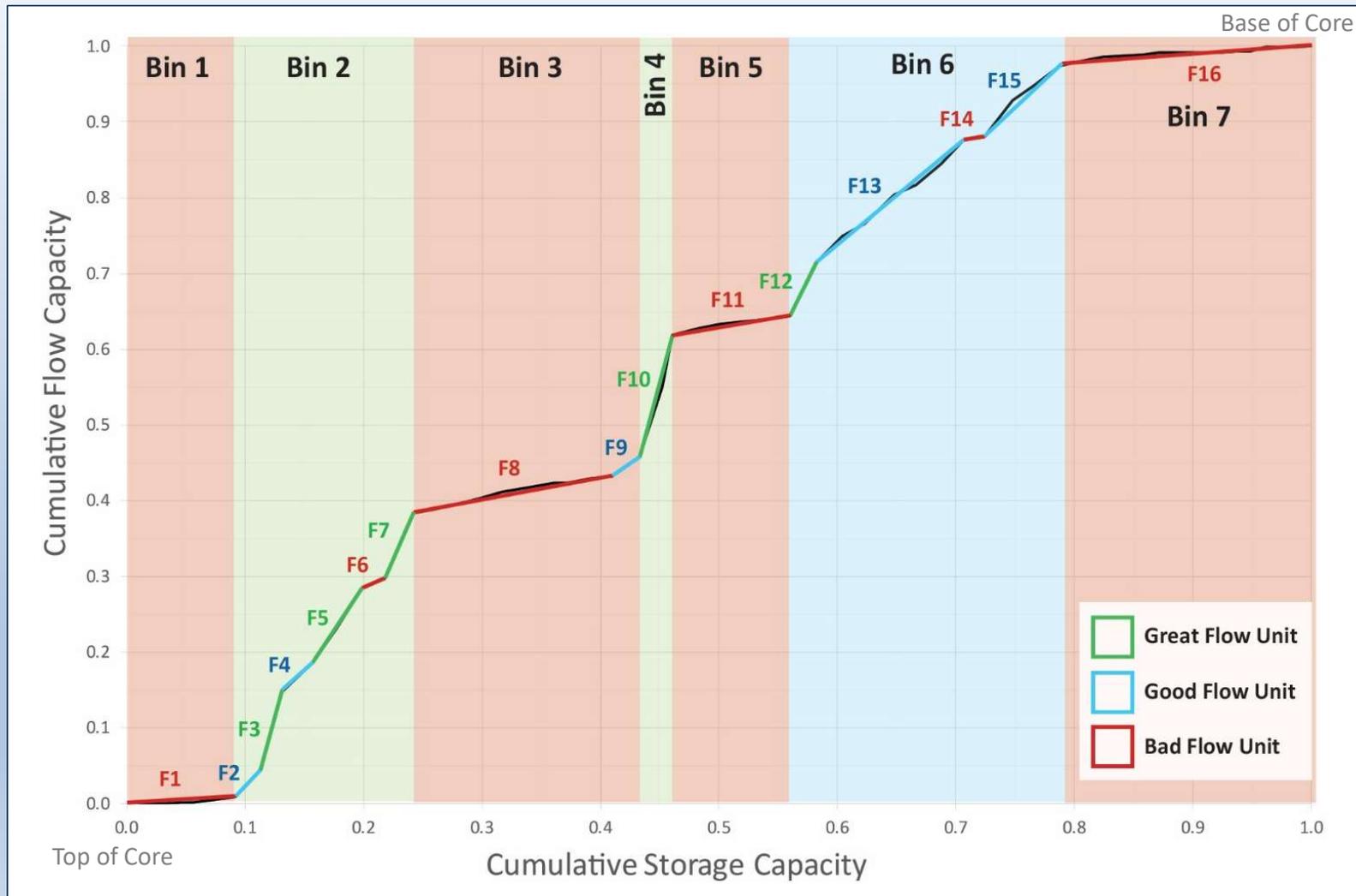
Ternary Plot of Shannon Wells in SW PRB



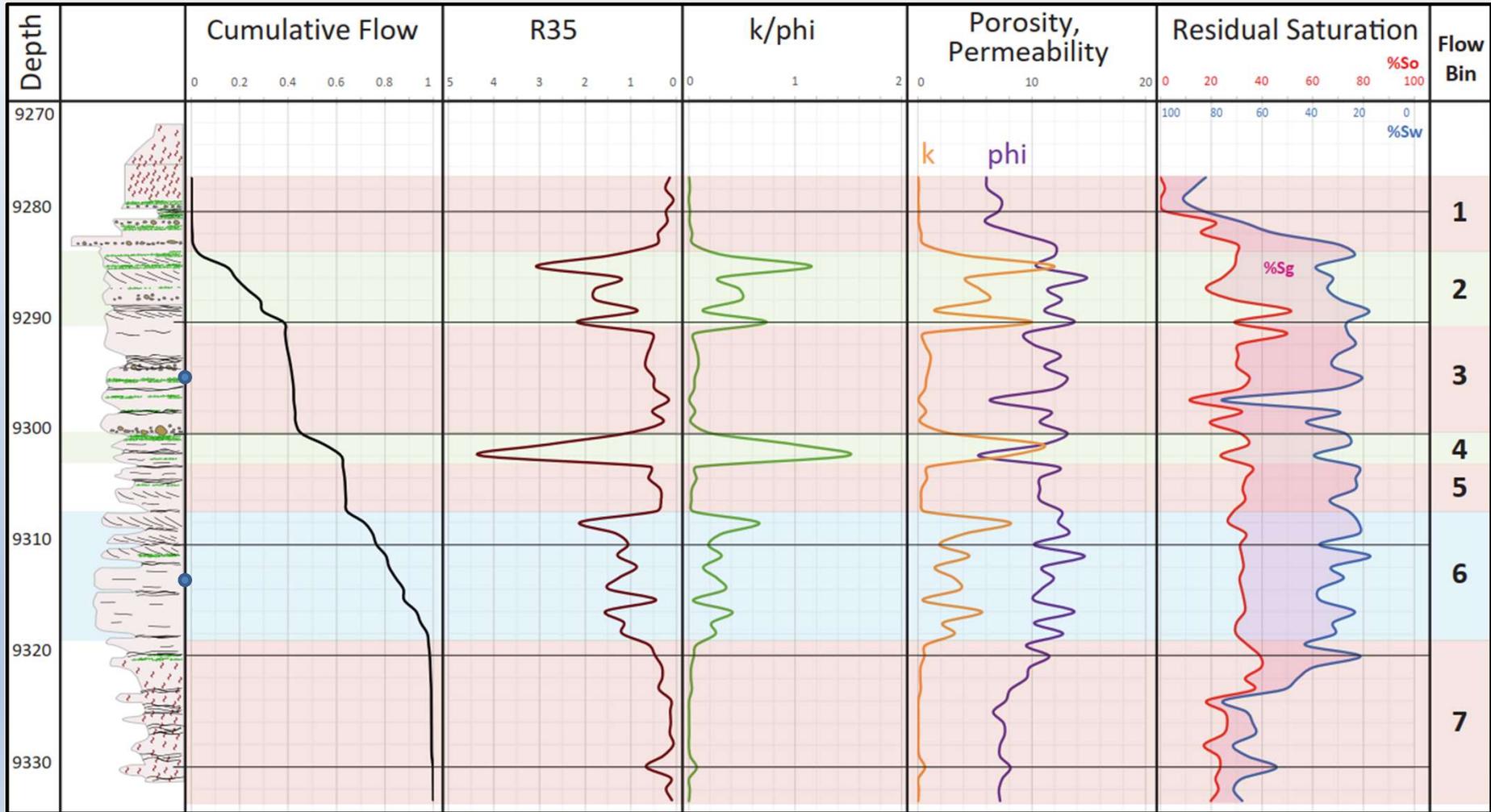
Diamond Shamrock Anniemary #31-24 Federal



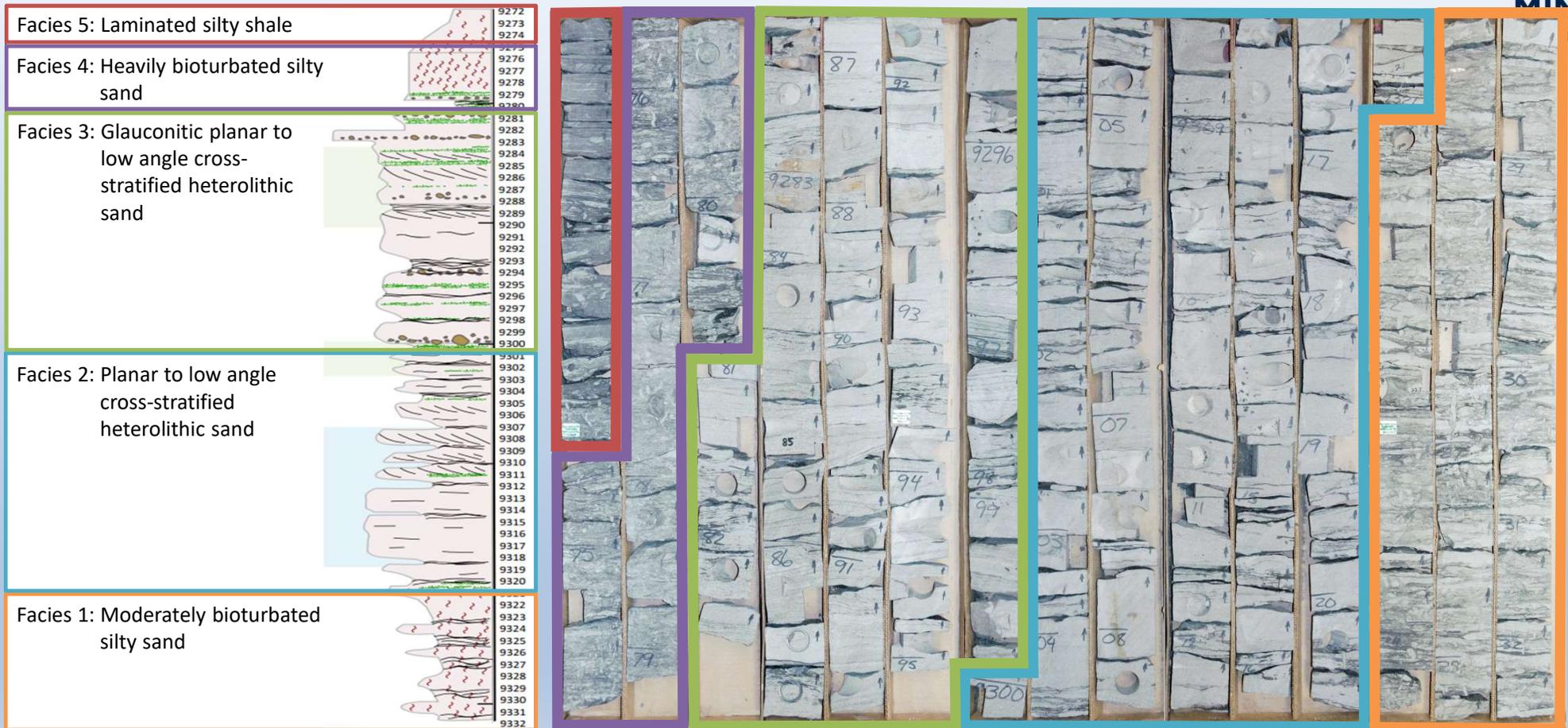
Anniemary – Modified Lorenz Plot



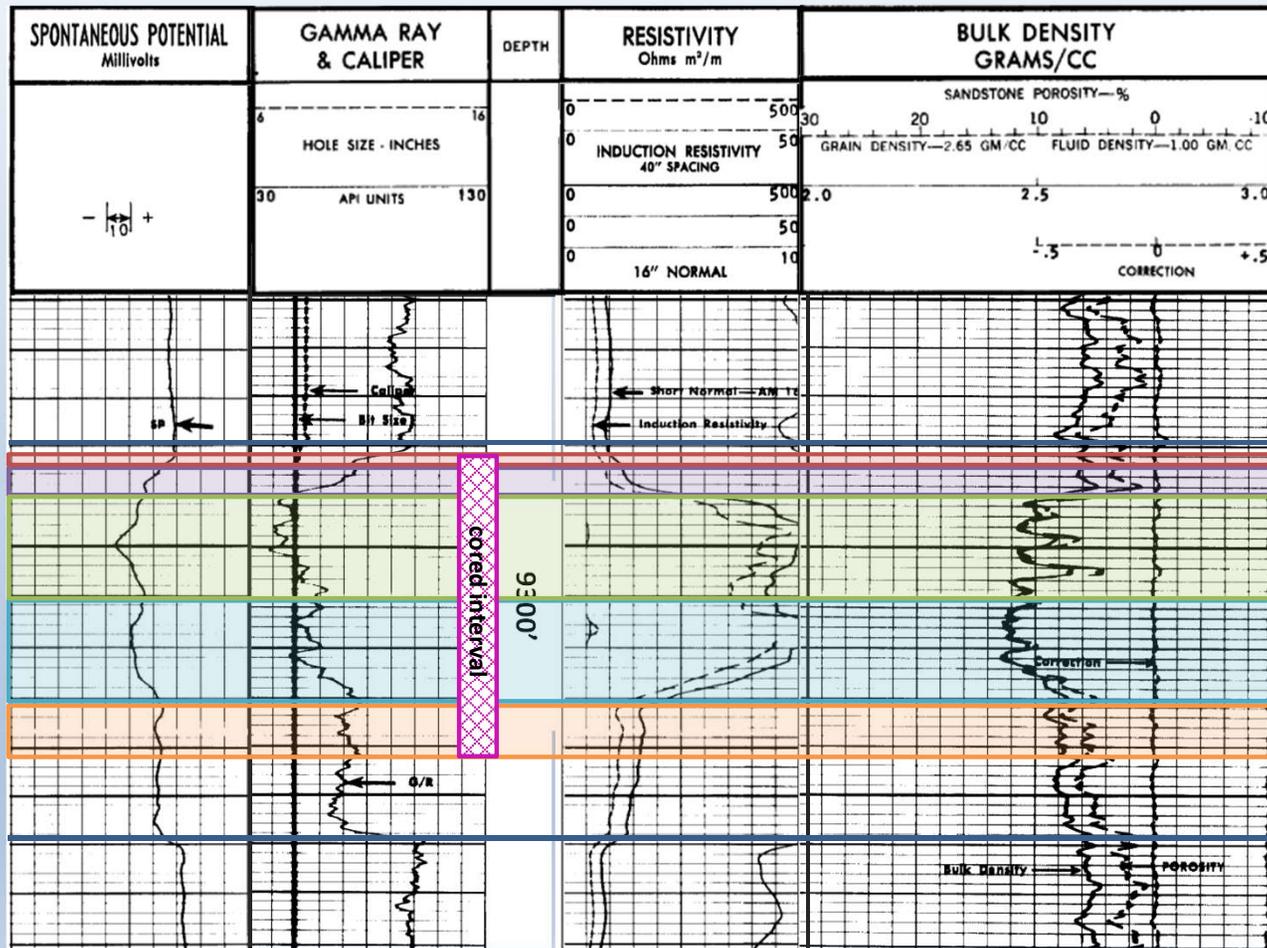
Anniemary – Core Analysis Plots



Anniemary Facies



Anniemary Logs



Top of Shannon

Base of Shannon

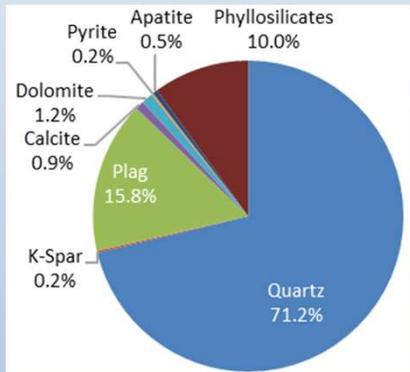
Anniemary Facies

Facies 1: Moderately bioturbated silty sand



Anniemary Facies

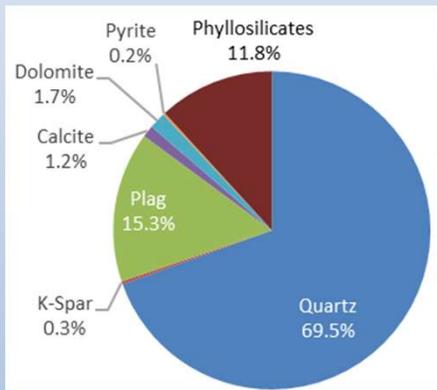
Facies 2: Planar to low angle cross-stratified heterolithic sand



$\phi = 10.8\%$
 $k = 3.7\text{mD}$

Anniemary Facies

Facies 3: Glauconitic planar to low angle cross-stratified heterolithic sand



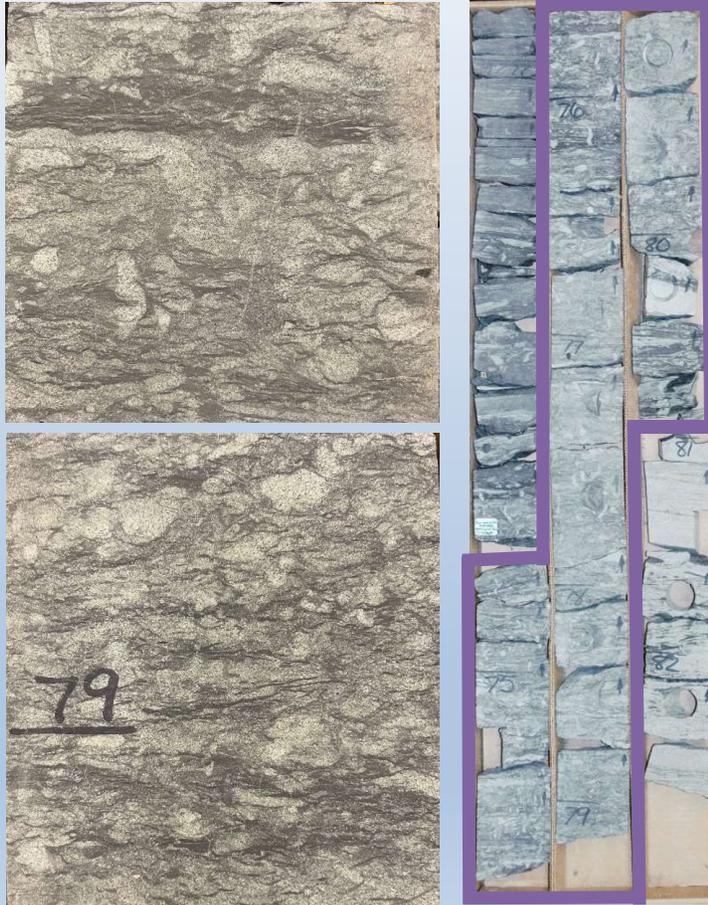
$\phi = 11.9\%$

$k = 0.61\text{mD}$

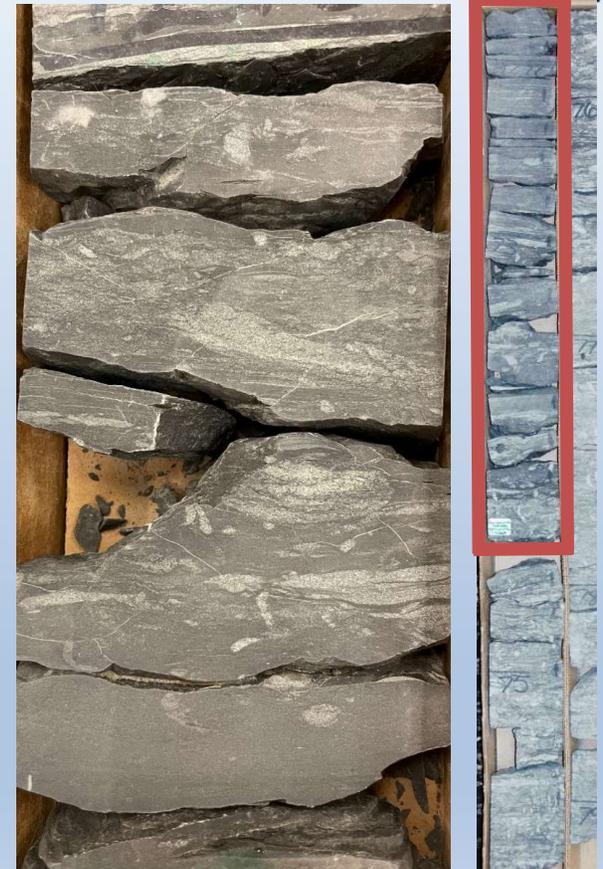


Anniemary Facies

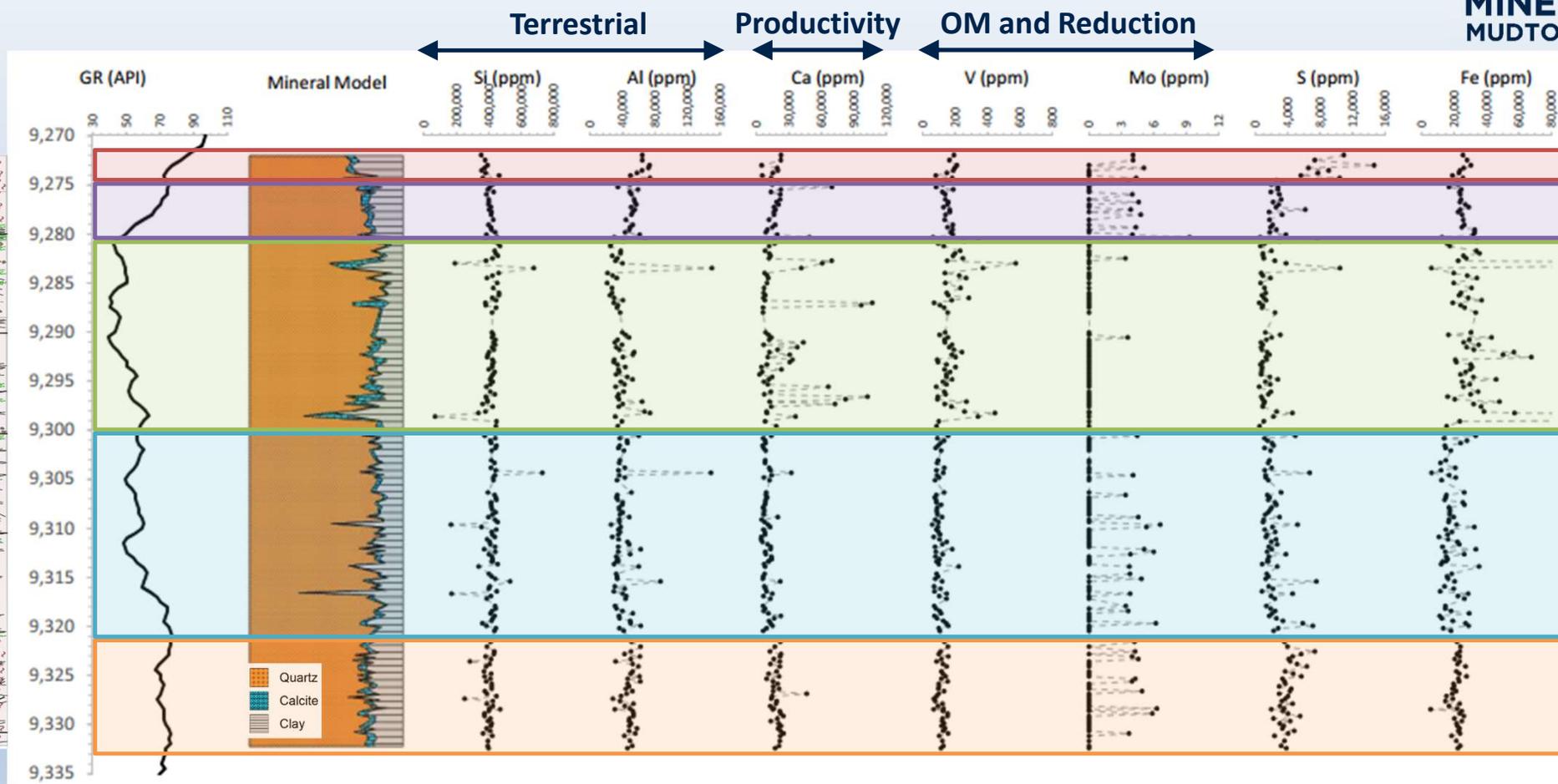
F4: Heavily bioturbated silty sand



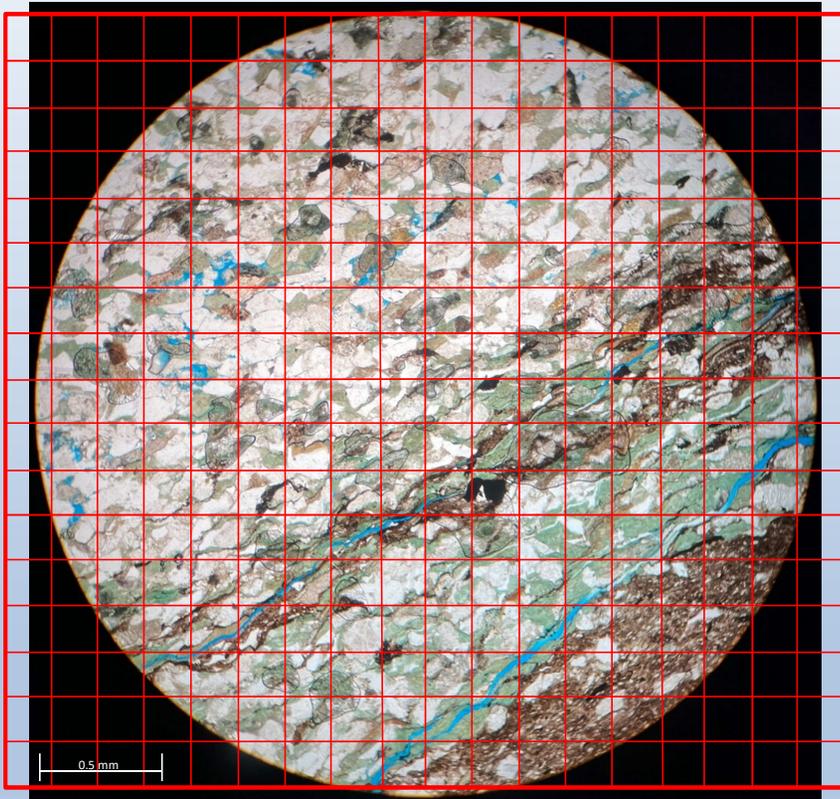
F5: Laminated silty shale



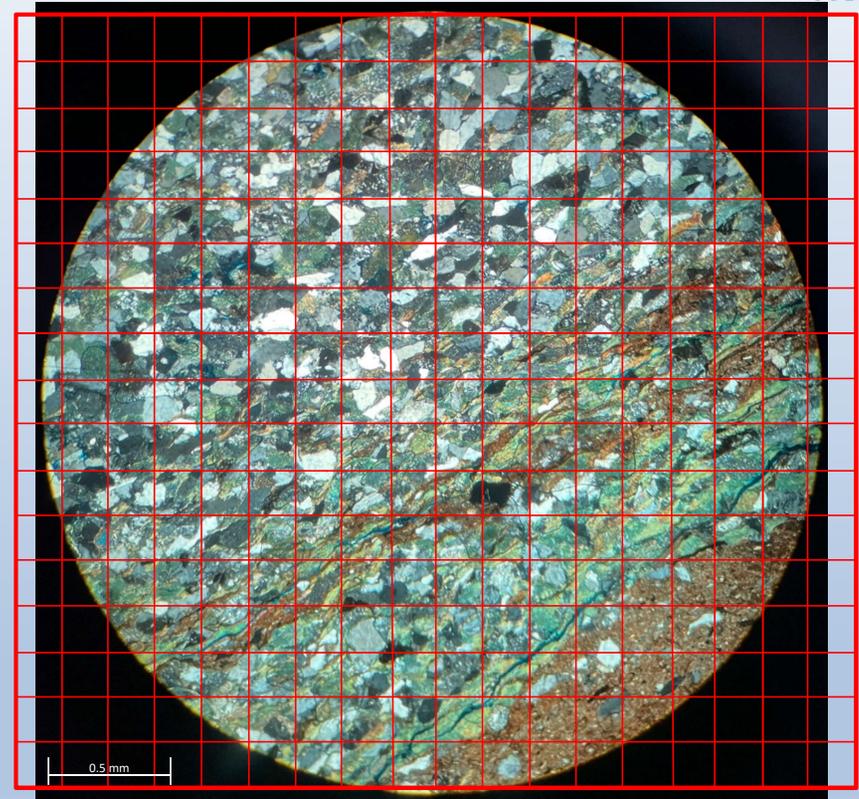
Chemostratigraphy of the Shannon Sandstone



Point Counting

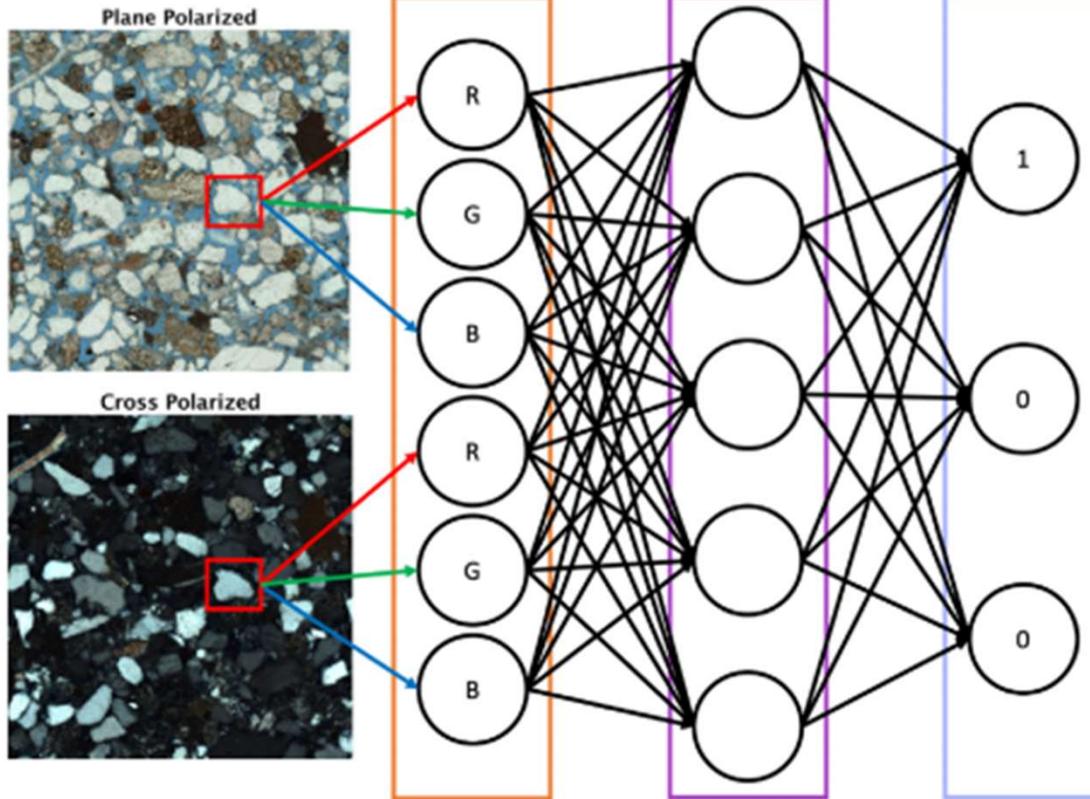


Plane polarized light

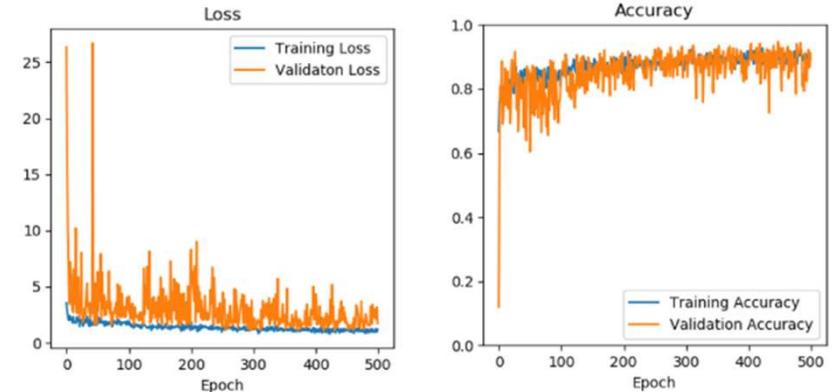


Cross polarized light

Machine Learning for Point Counting



Supervised machine-learning method used to automate the point counting process (Tang et al. 2020).



Model accuracy & loss (Tang et al. 2020).

Craig Phillips' Github Repository for Segmentation of Petrographic Thin Sections (2020).

Continued Work



- Core and outcrop analysis
 - Facies identification, lithology, trace fossils, depositional energy, flow units, ichnofacies, texture, grain size, color, and structure
- Thin section analysis
 - mineralogy, stratigraphy, and petrographic characteristics
 - FESEM, detrital characteristics, diagenesis, porosity, organic matter, and mineralogical features
 - Python machine learning neural network for point counting and segmentation
- XRF and XRD
 - Elemental data analysis and mineralogical composition
 - Terrestrial vs marine influence
 - Clay characterization
- Subsurface analysis
 - Log analysis
 - Subsurface Mapping and 3D seismic investigation
 - Pressure Systems Analysis
 - Trapping Mechanisms
- Characterization of lateral and vertical variability

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Thank You

